

## Symmetry in Concurrent Games

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## Motivation:

- 1 **What?** Develop and extend the “truly concurrent” approach to game semantics based on partial orders, to allow for **replication** through **symmetry**.
- 2 **Why?** Obtain a finer representation of programs and their execution in a more elegant mathematical framework.
- 3 **How?** Interpret strategies as event structures to focus on **causality**.

## Related work:

- Notions of deterministic concurrent strategies: Abramsky, Melliès, Mimram, Faggian, Piccolo; Orbital games: Melliès
- Strategies as presheaves: Hirschowitz, Pous
- Non-deterministic concurrent strategies as event structures: Rideau, Winskel.  
→ We will work with this framework.

## I. CONCURRENT GAMES

# Event structures and their maps

## Definition (Event structure)

An event structure  $E$  is a set of event  $E$  along with

- an order  $\leq_E$  (**causality**)
- a set  $\text{Con}_E \subseteq \mathcal{P}_f(E)$  (**consistency**)

satisfying some axioms.

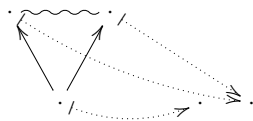
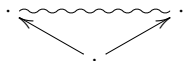
Set of **configurations** of  $E$ :

$$\mathcal{C}(E) = \{x \subseteq E \mid x \in \text{Con}_E \ \& \ x \text{ down-closed}\}$$

## Definition (Maps of event structures)

A map  $f : A \rightarrow B$  is a function on events satisfying:

- Preservation of configurations:  
 $x \in \mathcal{C}(A) \Rightarrow f x \in \mathcal{C}(B)$
- Local injectivity: If  $x \in \mathcal{C}(A)$  then  $f$  defines a bijection  $x \xrightarrow{f} fx$

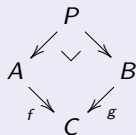


$$A \longrightarrow B$$

## Pullbacks in event structures

### Proposition

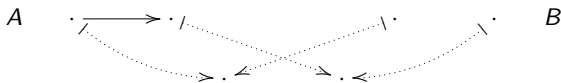
The category of event structures has all pullbacks:



Configurations of the pullback are given by composite bijections:

$$\mathcal{C}(A) \ni x \xrightarrow{f} fx = gy \xrightarrow{g} y \in \mathcal{C}(B)$$

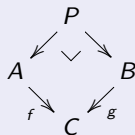
inducing no causal loops (**secured bijections**)



## Pullbacks in event structures

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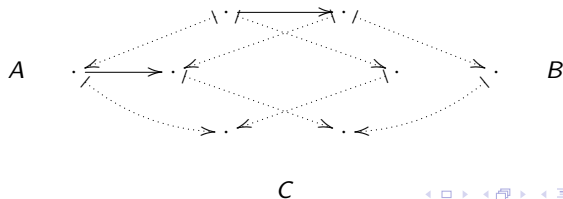
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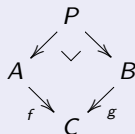
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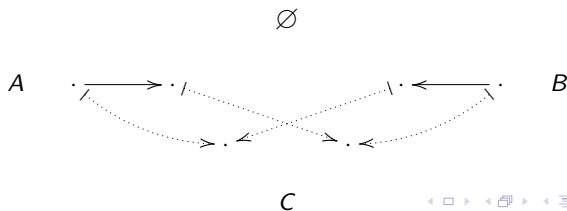
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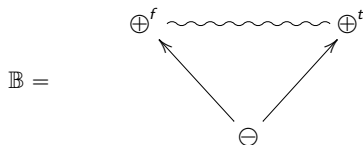
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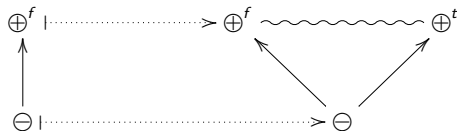


## Games and pre-strategies

A **game** is an event structure  $E$  where each event has a polarity ( $\oplus$  or  $\ominus$ )



A **pre-strategy** on a game  $A$  is a map  $\sigma : S \rightarrow A$

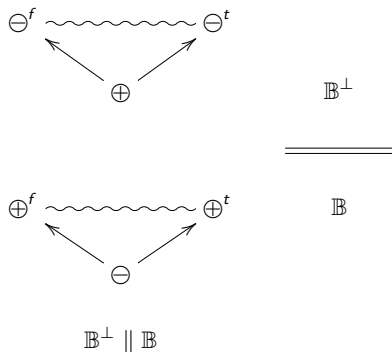


false :  $F \longrightarrow \mathbb{B}$



## Pre-strategies from one game to the other

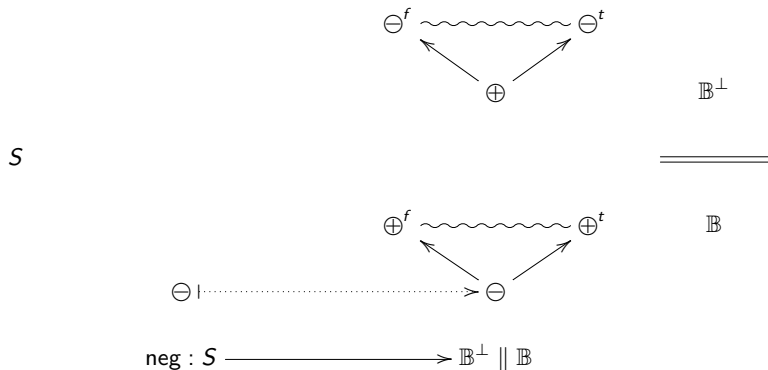
**Pre-strategies from  $A$  to  $B$**  are pre-strategies on the game  $A^\perp \parallel B$  where  $\parallel$  is parallel composition – no conflict or caulities between  $A$  and  $B$ .



**Notation** :  $\sigma : A \dashv\rightarrow B$

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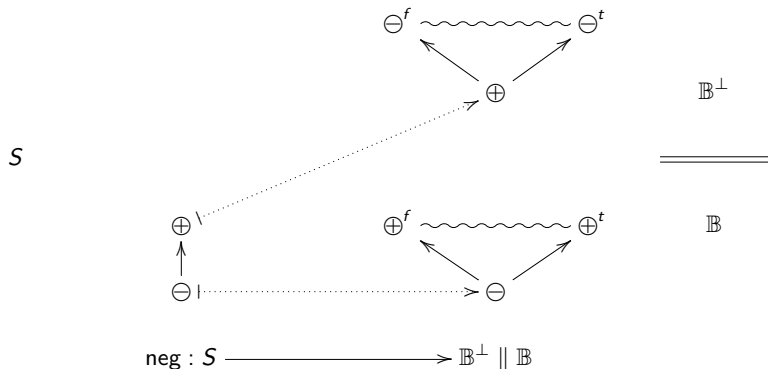
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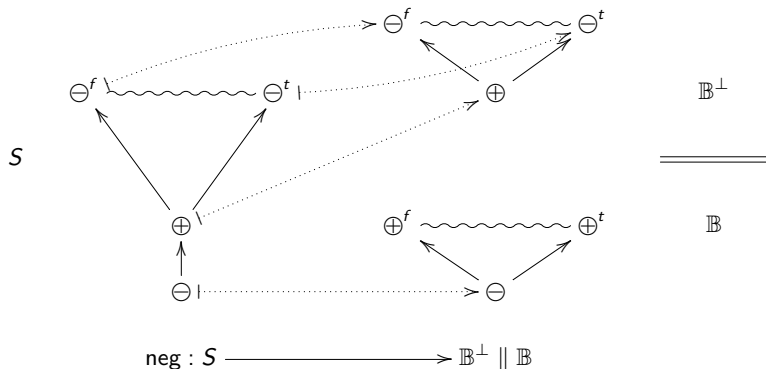
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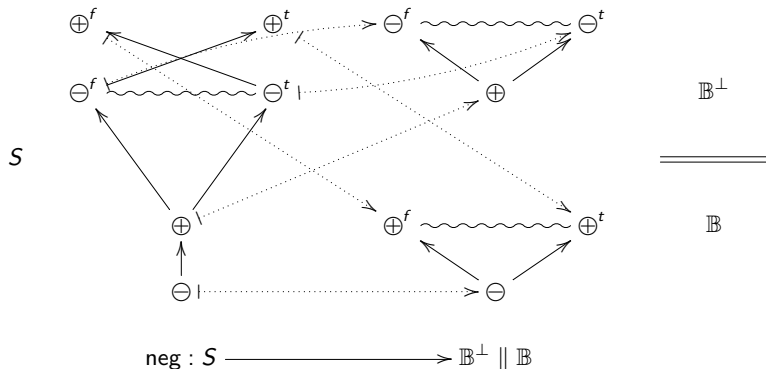
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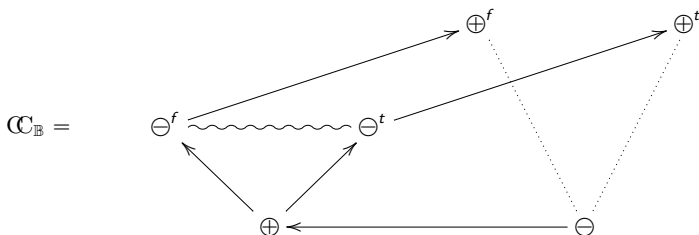
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## Towards a category : Identity

**Copycat strategy:**  $\gamma_A : \mathbb{C}_A \rightarrow A^\perp \parallel A$ , forwards negative moves on one side to the other side.



**Configurations of copycat:** pair of configurations  $(x, y)$  of  $A$  such that

- $x \cap y \subseteq^- y$
- $x \cap y \subseteq^+ x$

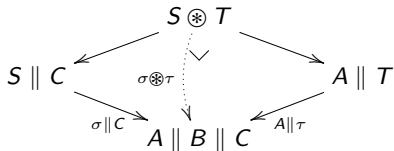
which we write  $y \sqsubseteq_A x$  (Scott order on  $A$ )

$$\mathcal{C}(\mathbb{C}_A) \cong \{(x, y) \in \mathcal{C}(A)^2 \mid y \sqsubseteq x\}$$

## Composition of pre-strategies

composition = **interaction** + hiding.

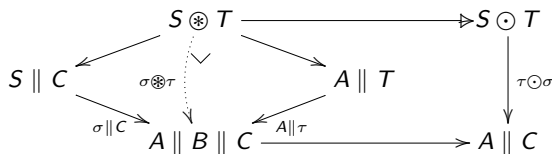
**Interaction of pre-strategies**  $\sigma : S \rightarrow A^\perp \parallel B$  and  $\tau : T \rightarrow B^\perp \parallel C$  via a **pullback**:



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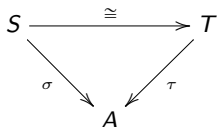
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## A bicategory of games

- What notion of equivalence for strategies? **Isomorphism**:



- Not all strategies behave well with respect to copycat up to isomorphism. Only the **innocent** and **receptive** ones.

### Theorem (Rideau, Winskel)

*A pre-strategy  $\sigma : A \multimap B$  is innocent and receptive iff it satisfies  $\gamma_B \odot \sigma \odot \gamma_A \cong \sigma$*

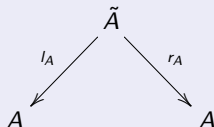
- Defining strategy to mean innocent and receptive pre-strategy, we have a bicategory of games and strategies.
- Goal: to add symmetry to the framework to allow for finer equivalences — to model replication for instance.

## II. EVENT STRUCTURES WITH SYMMETRY

## Event structures with symmetry

### Definition (Event structure with symmetry)

An event structure with symmetry  $\mathcal{A}$  is given by a span in the category of event structures:



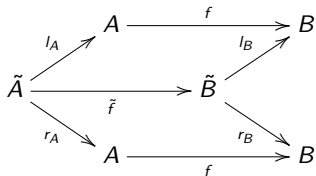
where  $l_E, r_E$  are open (ie. have a **bisimulation**-like lifting property), jointly monic and form an equivalence relation.

More concretely, an event structure with symmetry can be given by a pair  $\mathcal{A} = (A, \mathbb{S}_A)$  where  $\mathbb{S}_A$  is a set of bijections between configurations of  $A$

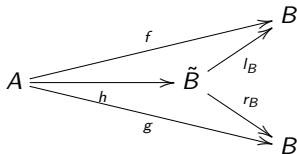
- that contains **identities** and is stable under **inverse** and **composition**
- if  $x \cong_A^\theta y \in \mathbb{S}_A$  then any **extension** or **restriction** of  $x$  induces a restriction or an extension of  $\theta$ .

## Maps of event structures with symmetry

A map  $f : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$  is given by two maps ( $f : A \rightarrow B, \tilde{f} : \tilde{A} \rightarrow \tilde{B}$ ) making the following commute:



For  $f, g : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ , we write  $f \sim g$  iff there exists a map  $h : A \rightarrow \tilde{B}$  such that the following commute:

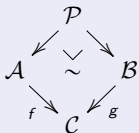


## Pseudo-pullbacks

No pullbacks anymore, but pseudo-pullbacks:

### Proposition

The pseudo-pullback of maps of *ess* exists:



Configurations of  $P$  correspond to

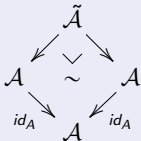
$$\mathcal{C}(A) \ni x \cong^f fx \cong^{\theta}_C gy \cong^g y \in \mathcal{C}(B)$$

that are secured

This allows us to see  $\tilde{A}$  itself as an event structure with symmetry:

### Proposition (Higher symmetry)

There is a canonical symmetry on  $\tilde{A}$ :



$$\theta \cong_{\tilde{A}}^{\varphi, \varphi'} \theta' \text{ iff}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} x & \cong_A^{\theta} & y \\ \cong_A^{\varphi} \downarrow & & \cong_A^{\varphi'} \downarrow \\ x' & \cong_A^{\theta'} & y' \end{array}$$

### III. CONCURRENT GAMES WITH SYMMETRY

## Games with symmetry and $\sim$ -pre-strategies

As in the previous part, we define

- A **concurrent game with symmetry** is an event structure with symmetry and polarities (symmetry preserves polarities)
- A  **$\sim$ -prestrategy** on a game  $\mathcal{A}$  is a map of event structures with symmetry  $\mathcal{S} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$
- A  $\sim$ -prestrategy from a game  $\mathcal{A}$  to  $\mathcal{B}$  is a  $\sim$ -pre-strategy on  $\mathcal{A}^\perp \parallel \mathcal{B}$ .
- To update the construction of the previous section:
  - Composition: Pullbacks  $\rightarrow$  **pseudo-pullbacks**.
  - Identity: Scott order  $\rightarrow$  **Scott category**,

## Towards a bicategory: Identity

- No natural candidate for the symmetry on  $\mathbb{C}_A$  for every  $A$  . . .
- $\mathbb{C}_A$  is too strict: it completely ignores the symmetry
- Replace the Scott order by the Scott category of configurations

$$\forall x, y \in \mathcal{C}(A), \text{Sc}(x, y) = \{\theta \in \mathcal{C}(\tilde{A}) \mid x \supseteq^- l\theta \stackrel{\theta}{\cong}_A r\theta \subseteq^+ y\}$$

If  $\theta \in \text{Sc}(x, y)$  we write  $x \xrightarrow{\theta} y$ .

- New **saturated copycat**  $\mathbb{C}_A$  whose configurations are arrows from the Scott category

$$\mathcal{C}(A) \ni x \xrightarrow{\theta} y \in \mathcal{C}(A)$$

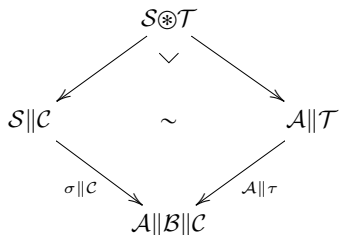
$$\mathcal{C}(\mathbb{C}_A) = \{(x, y, \theta) \mid x, y \in \mathcal{C}(A), y \xrightarrow{\theta} x\}$$

- Symmetry on  $\mathbb{C}_A$  is given by  $\mathbb{C}_{\tilde{A}}$  (with  $\tilde{A}$  considered as an event structure with symmetry)



## Towards a bicategory: Composition

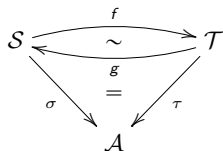
No pullbacks in event structures with symmetry, but pseudo-pullbacks! Given  $\sigma : S \rightarrow \mathcal{A}^\perp \parallel \mathcal{B}$  and  $\tau : T \rightarrow \mathcal{B}^\perp \parallel \mathcal{C}$ , we form their interaction as follows:



Hiding yields the desired map  $\tau \odot \sigma : S \odot T \rightarrow \mathcal{A}^\perp \parallel \mathcal{C}$ .

## The $\sim$ -bicategory of concurrent games with symmetry

- We exploit the extra power of symmetry to have a weaker equivalence:  
 $\sigma \simeq \tau$  iff



with  $f \circ g \sim \text{id}_{\mathcal{T}}$  and  $g \circ f \sim \text{id}_{\mathcal{S}}$ .

- What strategies behave well with respect to copycat up to that equivalence?

### Theorem

A  $\sim$ -prestrategy  $\sigma : \mathcal{S} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$  behaves with respect to copycat iff

- $\tilde{\sigma}$  is a strategy (in the sense of Rideau-Winskel)
- $\sigma$  is saturated, ie. closed under the action of the symmetry of  $\mathcal{A}$

In that case, we call  $\sigma$   $\sim$ -strategy.

- Thus we get a  $\sim$ -bicategory (a bicategory where coherence laws hold up to  $\sim$ ) of games with symmetry and  $\sim$ -strategies.

## IV. APPLICATIONS

# The AJM exponential

## Definition

From a game with symmetry  $A$ , form  $!A$  having:

- **Events**, pairs  $(i, a) \in \mathbb{N} \times A$

- **Causality**,

$$(i_1, a_1) \leq_{!A} (i_2, a_2) \Leftrightarrow i_1 = i_2 \ \& \ a_1 \leq_A a_2$$

- **Consistency**,

$$\text{Con}_{!A} = \bigcup_{i \in I} \{i\} \times X_i$$

- **Isomorphism family**,

$$\bigcup_{i \in I} \{i\} \times x_i \cong_{!A}^{\theta} \bigcup_{j \in J} \{j\} \times x_j$$

when there is a bijection  $\pi : I \rightarrow J$  and isomorphisms  $x_i \cong_A^{\theta_i} x_j$  with, for all  $(i, a) \in \bigcup_{i \in I} \{i\} \times x_i$ ,

$$\theta(i, a) = (\pi(i), \theta_i(a))$$

# AJM games and Classical Linear Logic

We recover (and extend) the model of <sup>1</sup>.

## Theorem

*Concurrent games with symmetry form a model of classical linear logic in the sense of <sup>1</sup>*

## Proof.

We have natural maps preserving symmetry:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \mu_A : & !!A \rightarrow !A & m_A : \quad !A \parallel !A \rightarrow !A \\ & (i, (j, a)) \mapsto (\langle i, j \rangle, a) & \begin{array}{l} (1, (i, a)) \mapsto (2i, a) \\ (2, (i, a)) \mapsto (2i + 1, a) \end{array} \\ \\ \eta_A : & A \rightarrow !A & e_A : \quad 1 \rightarrow !A \\ & a \mapsto (0, a) & \end{array}$$

satisfying monad/monoid laws up to symmetry. Those are lifted to  $\sim$ -strategies with a general construction, we get an exponential by self-duality.  $\square$

<sup>1</sup>P. Baillot, V. Danos, T. Ehrhard and L. Regnier, Believe it or not, AJM's games model is a model of classical linear logic, LICS'97

## HO games

We also have an extension of HO games in our framework:

- an **exponential** :  $!A$  ( $A$  an arena)
- a notion of **single-threaded** strategies on  $!A$
- a notion of **sequential HO-innocent strategies** on  $!A$ , stable under composition

### Proposition

We have a CCC  $\mathcal{CHO}$  given by:

- *Objects: arenas*
- *Morphisms from  $A$  to  $B$ : correspond to negative single-threaded  $\sim$ -strategies on  $!A^\perp \parallel !B$*

### Proposition

*The sub-CCC of  $\mathcal{CHO}$  consisting in deterministic and sequential HO-innocent strategies is isomorphic to the standard category of arenas and innocent strategies.*

# Contributions and future work

## Contributions:

- Extension of the framework of Rideau-Winskel with symmetry, thus revealing interesting mathematical structure
- Extension of AJM and HO games to a concurrent setting

## Future work:

- Extension with probabilities
- Connections to the metalanguage for concurrent strategies
- Applications to modeling programming languages